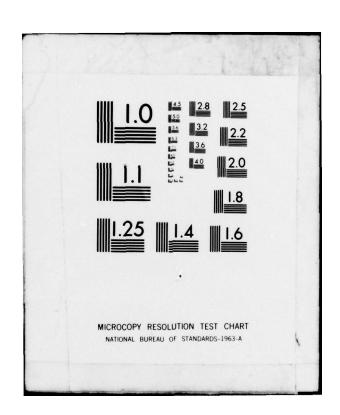
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OSWEGO RIVER BASIN

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DE RUYTER DAM ONONDAGA COUNTY **NEW YORK** INVENTORY Nº NY 774

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT HE NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED CONTRACT NO. DACW-51-79-C0001



NEW YORK DISTRICT CORPS OF ENGINEERS **JULY 1979**

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SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered) **READ INSTRUCTIONS** REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE BEFORE COMPLETING FORM 1. REPORT NUMBER RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER 4. TITLE (and Subtitle) S. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED Phase I Inspection Report Phase ! Inspection Report National Dam Safety Program De Ruyter Dam Oswego River Basin, Onondaga County, New York 6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER Inventory No. 774 8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(.) DACW-51-79-C-0001 John B. Stetson PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS Stetson - Dale Engineering Company : Bankers Trust Building Utica, New York 13501 11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS 28 Sept New York State Department of Environmental Con-RUMBER OF PAGES servation/ 50 Wolf Road Albany, New York 12233
MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II different from Controlling Office) 15. SECURITY CLASS. (of thie report) Department of the Army UNCLASSIFIED 26 Federal Plaza/ New York District, CofE 154. DECLASSIFICATION DOWNGRADING New York, New York 10007 16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) Approved for public release; Distribution unlimited National Dam Safety Program. De Ruyter Dam (Inventory Number NY 774), Oswego River Basin, Onondaga County, New York. Phase I Inspection Report, ORIGINAL CONTAINS COLOR PLATES: ALL DOG REPRODUCTIONS WILL BE IN BLACK AND WHITE. 19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) Dam Safety De Ruyter Dam National Dam Safety Program Onondaga County Visual Inspection De Ruyter Hydrology, Structural Stability 20 ABSTRACT (Centimus on reverse side H recovery and identity by block number) This report provides information and analysis on the physical condition of the dam as of the report date. Information and analysis are based on visual inspection of the dam by the performing organization. The DeRuyter Dam is an earthen dam, 68 feet in height, which is used as a flow augmentation reservoir for the New York State Barge Canal. The visual inspection and screening analyis revealed deficiencies which require investigations and remedial measures. DD 1 1473

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The drainage area into DeRuyter Lake is 5.62 square miles. Computations using the Corps of Engineers' screening criteria, establishes the spillway capacity as 821 cfs. This is 17 percent of the PMF. The PMF and 1/2 PMF discharges are 4,741 and 496 cfs, respectively. Approximately 73 percent of the total PMF runoff can be held in surcharge storage between the spillway crest and top of dam. The spillway has been determined inadequate to pass the PMF. However, the spillway is not-considered seriously inadequate, based on the Corps of Engineers' Screening-Criteria, since the dam is capable of passing the 1/2 PMF without the dam being overtopped.

Rising waters flooding residences around the lake could pick up floatable debris which would clog the stone arch spillway culvert structure causing the dam to be overtopped. Complete clogging of the high level spillway could cause the dam to be overtopped by 2-3 feet.

The following investigations and remedial measures should be performed within one year:

- Necessary repairs should be made to the existing underdrain system to utilize the available protection against the seepage conditions which are known to occur. Areas of surfacing seepage should be cleared of heavy vegetation and kept under observation. It should be anticipated that seepage zones persisting after the present underdrain collection system is fully operating could require an extension of the present system to also handle new areas.
- 2. Backfill the open excavation at the toe of the dam near the center of the embankment.
- 3. Brush on the downstream side should be removed to permit easier access to all areas and permit better observation/detection of seeping areas or other conditions requiring attention. Trees on the embankment should be removed to eliminate damage from storm-caused uprooting.
- 4. After clearing the embankment, the areas where seepage is suspected should be inspected.
- Develop an emergency action plan so that proper equipment to remove large floatable debris which may clog in the spillway culvert is made available in event of serious flooding. A notification system should be provided for use during emergencies.
- 6. The riprap should be repaired to prevent progressive deterioration. Corrections include replacing missing stone and stabilizing the zones where embankment erosion has caused the riprap to slough.
- 7. The spillway and outlet channel should be repaired to prevent progressive damage. Damaged and deteriorated areas of the outlet channel should be rehabilitated. A maintenance program should include periodic removal of heavy debris from the channel.
- 8. Repair or replace low level outlet valves. Since the spillway is small, the outlet capacity is important for flood water discharging in the case of a serious flood event.
- 9. Provide a program of periodic inspection and maintenance of the dam and appurtenances, including yearly operation and lubrication of the reservoir drain system. Document this information for future reference:

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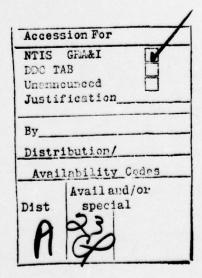
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Overview of DeRuyter earth embankment dam located in Southeast Onondaga County, New York.

PHASE I REPORT NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

Vame	of	Dam	DeRuyter	Dam,	NY774
		State Located	1 1	New York	
		County Locate	ed (Onondaga	
		Stream		Limestone	Creek
		Date of Inspe	ection c	June 13,	1979

ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITIONS

The DeRuyter Dam is an earthen dam, 68 feet in height, which is used as a flow augmentation reservoir for the New York State Barge Canal. The visual inspection and screening analyis revealed deficiencies which require investigations and remedial measures.

The drainage area into DeRuyter Lake is 5.62 square miles. Computations using the Corps of Engineers' screening criteria, establishes the spillway capacity as 821 cfs. This is 17 percent of the PMF. The PMF and 1/2 PMF discharges are 4,741 and 496 cfs, respectively. Approximately 73 percent of the total PMF runoff can be held in surcharge storage between the spillway crest and top of dam. The spillway has been determined inadequate to pass the PMF. However, the spillway is not considered seriously inadequate, based on the Corps of Engineers' Screening Criteria, since the dam is capable of passing the 1/2 PMF without the dam being overtopped.

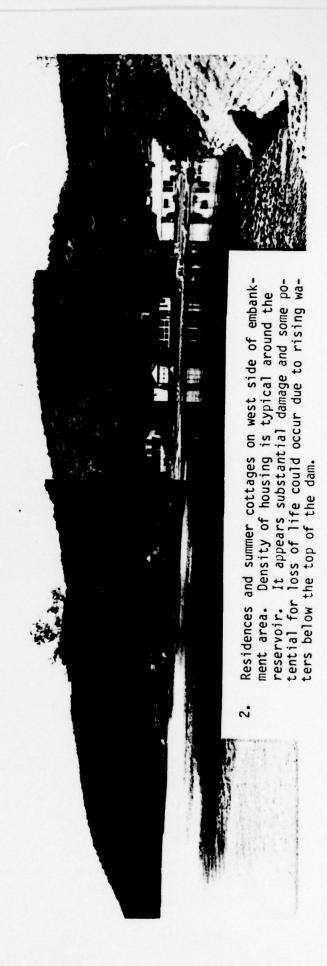
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View across face of dam looking west in opposite direction from overview picture. This area was cleared in the previous year. Grasses are growth through riprap material.

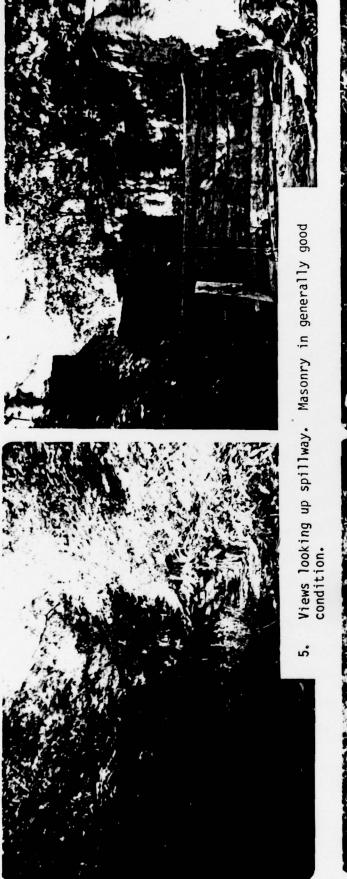






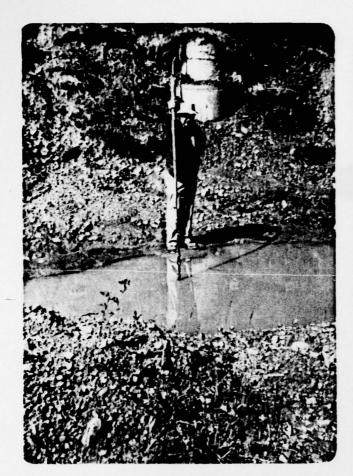
 Masonry spillway weir. Some separation of stone masonry.

1. Upstream and downstream view of spillway culvert below road across top of dam.





Bottom of spillway channel displaced due to foundation failure. This area is well below dam. See plans enclosed in report.







 Area in deep section of embankment where drainage system was repaired and needs to be regraded.



8. Wet area along drainage ditch at toe of embankment on west portion of dam.



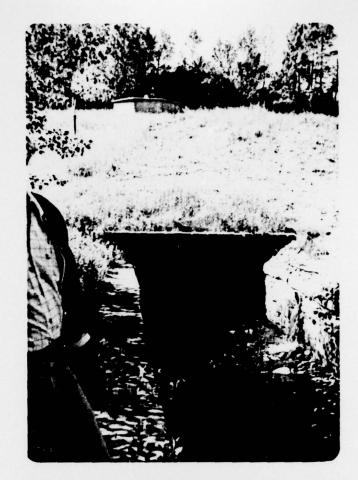
9. View of trees growing near top of embankment. At deepest section, embankment is very wide.



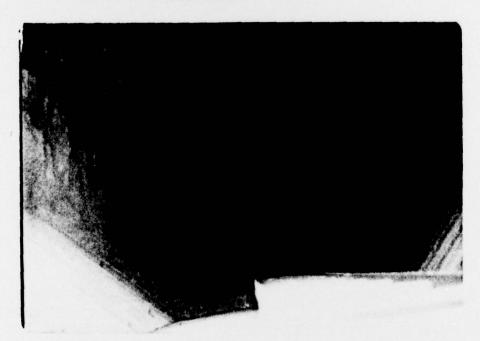
 Drain outlet for east side of dam where it discharges into main channel.



11. Substantial flow from west side of dam drainage system.



12. Regulated outflow below dam controlled from gates contained in silo seen above.



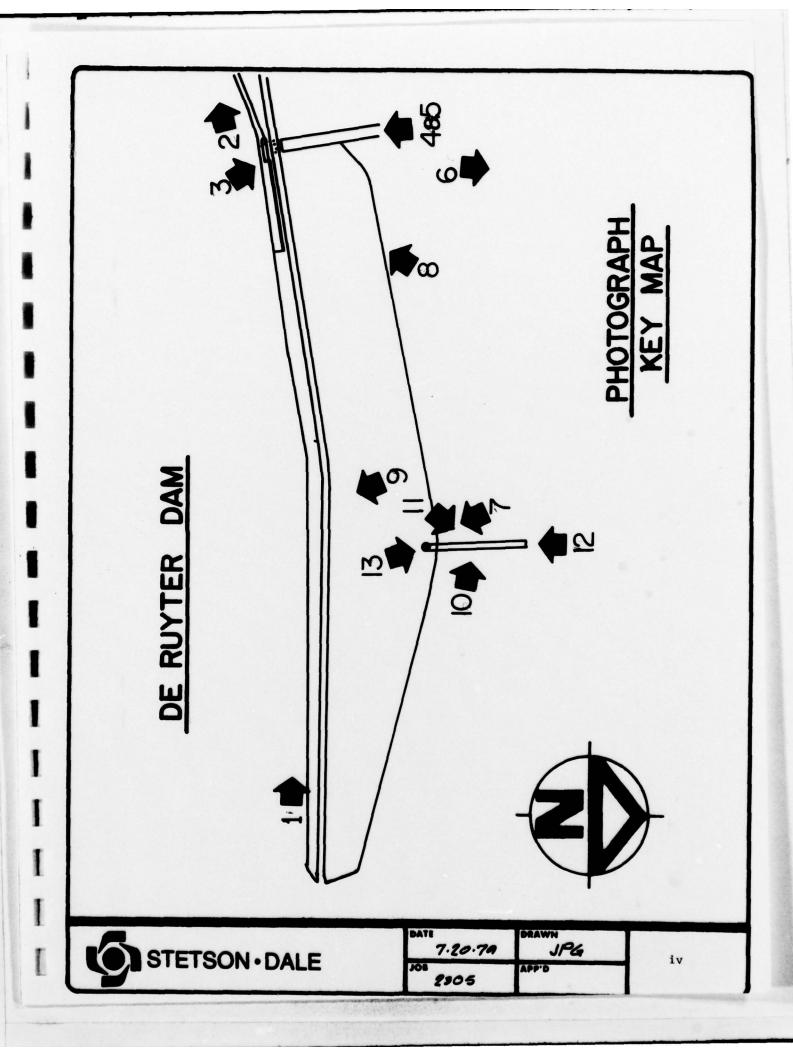
13. View of three gates in bottom of silo pit. One gate is out of operation, another leaks badly, the third operates. All three have advanced corrosion. The ladder into the pit is corroded.

- 2. Backfill the open excavation at the toe of the dam near the center of the embankment.
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- Provide a program of periodic inspection and maintenance of the dam and appurtenances, including yearly operation and lubrication of the reservoir drain system. Document this information for future reference:

Dale Engineering Company

John B. Stetson, President

New York District Engineer



PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM NAME OF DAM - DERUYTER DAM ID# NY 774

SECTION 1 - PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL

a. Authority

Authority for this report is provided by the National Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367 of 1972. It has been prepared in accordance with a contract for professional services between Dale Engineering Company and the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

b. Purpose of Inspection

The purpose of this inspection is to evaluate the existing condition of the DeRuyter Dam and appurtenant structures, owned by the New York State Department of Transportation, and to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life or property and to transmit findings to the State of New York.

This Phase I inspection report does not relieve an Owner or Operator of a dam of the legal duties, obligations or liabilities associated with the ownership or operation of the dam. In addition, due to the limited scope of services for these Phase I investigations, the investigators had to rely upon the data furnished to them. Therefore, this investigation is limited to visual inspection, review of data prepared by others, and simplified hydrologic, hydraulic and structural stability evaluations where appropriate. The investigators do not assume responsibility for defects or deficiencies in the dam or in the data provided.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

a. Description of Dam and Appurtences

The DeRuyter Dam is an earth fill dam approximately 1600 feet long with a height of 68 feet. The side slope of the upstream face of the dam is approximately 2 horizontal on 1 vertical. The downstream face of the dam embankment is at 3 horizontal, 1 vertical, while the toe of the dam on the downstream side is 4 horizontal and 1 vertical. The upstream face of the dam is riprapped at the water line to the top of the dam. A paved rural road traverses the entire length of the dam providing access to the many cottages surrounding the lake. No information was discovered regarding the composition of the fill. Subdrain lines have been installed on the downstream slope of the dam during the years 1947, 1950, and 1951. These lines were installed to control seepage in the downstream face.

The service spillway consists of a 40 foot wide, sharp crested weir, which discharges through a masonry arch culvert. This culvert is 5 feet 8 inches high with a span of 11 feet 10 inches. This culvert discharges through a masonry channel which extends a distance of approximately 385 feet down to the receiving stream.

The dam is also equipped with a control outlet. This outlet consists of three 12 inch pipes which are controlled by gate valves situated in a pit near the toe of the embankment. These valves are manipulated to control the discharge into Limestone Creek, which flows into the Barge Canal.

A feeder canal has been constructed for a distance of approximately one mile from the south end of the DeRuyter Reservoir. Flow in this feeder is controlled by a series of sluice gates located just above a small dam on the Middle Branch of the Tioughnioga River. Utilization of this structure allows flow from the Tioughnioga to be diverted into Deruyter during the spring runoff.

b. Location

The DeRuyter Dam is located in the Town of Fabius in Onondaga County, and in the Town of Cazenovia in Madison County, New York.

Size Classification

The maximum height of the dam is approximately 68 feet. The storage volume in the impoundment is approximately 12,000 acre-feet. Therefore, the dam is in the intermediate size classification as defined by The Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams.

d. Hazard Classification

There are a significant number of residential properties located along Limestone Creek, the receiving stream from the DeRuyter Dam. Therefore, the dam is in the high hazard category as defined by The Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams.

e. Ownership

The dam is owned by the New York State Department of Transportation.

Waterway Maintenance Subdivision:

New York State - DOT Main Office - State Campus 1220 Washington Avenue Albany, New York 12232 Director - Mr. Joseph Stellato (518) 457-4420 Region Three:

New York State - DOT Syracuse State Office 333 E. Washington Street Syracuse, New York 13202 Engineer - Mr. Leo Burns (315) 473-8194

f. Purpose of Dam

The dam is used to regulate flow in Limestone Creek for flow augmentation in the Barge Canal system. The impoundment of the DeRuyter Dam is also used for recreational purposes.

g. Design and Construction History

The DeRuyter Reservoir was placed in operation in 1862, just prior to its completion in 1863. In 1868, improvements were authorized in the DeRuyter Reservoir although the extent of these improvements is not known. In 1897, funds were allocated for the improvement of the riprap slope in the DeRuyter Reservoir and for improvements in the feeder stream. In 1947, 1950, and 1951, subdrains were installed on the downstream slope of the dam embankment to control seepage.

h. Normal Operational Procedures

The main purpose of this facility is for flow augmentation in the Barge Canal. Flows from the reservoir are regulated by manipulating the 12 inch valves in the drain line at the toe of the dam. This flow is conducted to Limestone Creek, which in turn flows into the Barge Canal. The diversion structure on the middle branch of the Tioughnioga River allows flow to be diverted from the Tioughnioga River watershed into the DeRuyter Reservoir during the spring run-off. This allows the level of the impoundment to be peaked off before the dry summer periods.

1.3 PERTINENT DATA

a. Drainage Area

The drainage area of DeRuyter Dam is 5.62 square miles.

b. Discharge at Dam Site

No discharge records are available for this site.

Computed Discharges:

Ungated Spillway,	Top of Dam	769	cfs
Ungated Spillway,	PMF	4141	cfs
	1/2 PMF	496	cfs
Gated Drawdown		52	cfs

Elevation (Feet Above MSL)

Top of Dam	1287
Maximum Pool - PMF	1288.7
1/2 PMF	1284.6
Spillway Crest	1280
Stream Bed at Centerline of Dam	1219

d. Reservoir

Length of Maximum Pool	10,000 ft
Length of Normal Pool	10,000 ft

e. Storage

Top of Dam	16,200 Acre Feet
Design Surcharge (1/2 PMF)	16,300 Acre Feet
Normal Pool	11,890 Acre Feet

f. Reservoir Area

Top of Dam	560 Acres
Maximum Pool	560 Acres
Spillway Pool	560 Acres

g. Dam

Type - Earth fill
Length - 1600 feet
Height - 68 feet
Freeboard Between Normal Reservoir and Top of Dam - 7.7 feet
Top Width - 22 feet
Side Slopes - Upstream: 2 horizontal, 1 vertical
Downstream: 3 horizontal, 1 vertical
4 horizontal, 1 vertical

Zoning - Unknown Impervious Core - Unknown Grout Curtain - Unknown

h. Spillway

Type - Sharp crested weir Length - 40 feet Crest Elevation - 1280 feet Gates - None U/S Channel - Impoundment D/S Channel - Masonry

i. Regulating Outlets

Three, 12 inch, valved pipes

SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 DESIGN

The information available for evaluation of this dam has been included in this report. The information consisting of contract drawings is contained in Figures 2 through 5. No information on design of the dam was available.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION

No details of the construction were found during the investigation of the DuRuyter Reservoir.

2.3 OPERATION

No operating manual is known to exist for this structure.

2.4 EVALUATION

The information included in this report is adequate to complete this Phase I investigation. Additional data is not required to complete this Phase I investigation.

SECTION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 FINDINGS

a. General

The DeRuyter Dam was inspected on June 13, 1979. The Dale Engineering Company inspection team was accompanied on the inspection by Richard Aldrich, of the New York State Department of Transportation, Region 3.

b. Dam

The dam as observed in the field conforms closely to the plans included in this report. The upstream face of the dam is riprapped from the top of the slope to a point well below the water's edge. This riprap is generally in good condition. The riprap in the area round the outlet weir has been grouted. The riprap near the east abutment of the dam is of a different material than the majority of the riprap, and appears to have been repaired. One area of the riprap near the center of the dam shows some evidence of sloughing due to displacement of the bedding material.

The rural highway which traverses the top of the dam is paved with bituminous material. It is difficult to determine the location of the ends of the dam structure because of the development that has taken place in the area of the dam and the heavily overgrown side slopes on the downstream face. In general, the upper reaches of the downstream face are heavily overgrown with trees and brush. This makes detailed inspection of the entire area impractical. The lower slopes of the dam are relatively free of tree growth and brush. The toe of the dam embankment to the west of the controlled outlet terminates at a drainage ditch which runs roughly parallel to the alignment of the dam. Although no surface flow was detected in this ditch, the bottom of the ditch was saturated with water and was easily penetrated by a stick to a depth of approximately 2-1/2 feet. The inspection took place during a relatively dry period, and surface runoff would not be expected at the time of the inspection.

Many of the manholes on the subdrains in the downstream face of the dam were inspected to determine the quantity of flow. In each case, only small amounts of flow were detected in the subdrains. The outlet from the subdrain system discharges into the stream just below the regulating gate structure. Flows from one of the lines from the westerly slope of the dam was flowing a substantial amount of water. The drain lines on the eastern portion were flowing to a lesser amount. However, the flow was clear and there was no evidence of soil material in the discharge.

An excavation on the subdrain system was made during 1978 to repair blockage in the subdrain line. As the excavation progressed, the banks became unstable. The work was abandoned and the excavation was

was left without backfilling. The bottom of this excavation is saturated and unstable. A stick was thrust approximately 3 feet into the bottom of the ditch with little resistance. (See Photograph No. 7.)

c. Spillway

The main spillway located near the west abutment of the dam is in generally good condition. There is some deterioration in the masonry joints, but this is of minor concern. The arch culvert, which receives the flow from the spillway, is in good condition as is the masonry channel downstream from the culvert. The extreme northerly end of the masonry channel is severely deteriorated and undermined. This deterioration will progress up the channel if repairs are not made.

d. Appurtenance Structures

The control structure at the end of the 12 inch drain lines was inspected and found to be in generally good condition. However, the valves on the drain line are badly deteriorated. One valve is at present, inoperative; one valve can be opened only partially; while the third valve is presently in operating condition.

e. Reservoir Area

The reservoir area extends approximately 2 miles upstream from the dam. The shores of the lake are nearly fully developed with summer cottages. There are no known areas of bank instability in the area.

f. <u>Downstream Channel</u>

The downstream channel is in generally good condition. No evidence of recent erosion was noted, except at the toe of the spillway channel, where undermining has occurred.

g. Feeder Canal

The feeder canal was not in operation at the time of the inspection. The channel is cut at a flat grade which allows standing water to occur in the invert. The gates controlling the flow to the canal were in operating condition but were closed at the time of the inspection.

3.2 EVALUATION

The visual inspection reveals some seepage may be occurring along the toe of the westerly downstream slope of the dam. The unfilled excavation on the subdrain system presents a potential problem of slope instability. The undermined end of the spillway channel could cause further deterioration of this channel. No deformation of the alignment of the structure was noted in the visual inspection. The control valves, which regulate flow into Limestone Creek are severely deteriorated and partially inoperative.

SECTION 4 - OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 PROCEDURES

The principal function of DeRuyter Dam is to control discharge into Limestone Creek for flow augmentation in the Barge Canal. The valves controlling the discharge are manually operated to provide adequate flow in the barge canal throughout the navigational season.

4.2 MAINTENANCE OF THE DAM

Maintenance and operation of the dam is controlled by the New York State Department of Transportation. Once every two years a visual inspection is made of the structure by the New York State Department of Transportation inspectors and a report on the condition of the structure is filed in the Department of Transportation Central Office in Albany. Maintenance to the structure is scheduled on a priority basis as a result of the bi-annual inspection.

4.3 MAINTENANCE OF OPERATING FACILITIES

Maintenance of the control valves and of the diversion structure on the Tioughnioga River are under the control of the New York State Department of Transportation.

4.4 DESCRIPTION OF WARNING SYSTEMS

No warning system is in effect at present.

4.5 EVALUATION

The dam and appurtenant structures are inspected at regular intervals. The unfilled excavation at the toe of the westerly embankment slope and the poor condition of the regulating valves indicate that maintenance of the dam has not been adequate. The procedure for inspection and reporting on the dam is marginal, a greater frequency of inspection is encouraged especially on those structures where remedial work is needed.

SECTION 5 - HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC

5.1 DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS

The DeRuyter Dam is located in a 5.6 square drainage basin in south-eastern Onondaga County. The dam provides flow augmentation to the New York State Barge Canal. A diversion structure regulates flow into the reservoir from the Tioughnioga River Basin. This diversion is active only during spring runoff and is used to increase storage in the DeRuyter reservoir. The DeRuyter Dam discharges into Limestone Creek. The upstream drainage area consists both of steeply sloped terrain and mildly sloped to flat terrain. The reservoir is new and the center of the drainage area and occupies 500 acres.

5.2 ANALYSIS CRITERIA

The purpose of this investigation is to evaluate the dam and spillway with respect to their flood control potential and adequacy. This has been assessed through the evaluation of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) for watershed and the subsequent routing of the flood through the reservoir and the dam's spillway system. The PMF event is that hypothetical flow induced by the most critical combination of precipitation, minimum infiltration loss and concentration runoff of a specific location that is considered reasonably possible for a particular drainage area. Since this dam is in the Intermediate Dam Category and is a High Hazard, the guidelines criteria (Ref. 1) require that the dam be capable of passing one-half the Probable Maximum Flood.

The upstream diversion gates were inspected and it was determined that flood flows on the Tioughnoiga River would not affect the De-Ruyter flood stages, therefore runoff from that basin was not included in this investigation.

The hydrologic analysis was performed using the unit hydrograph method to develop the flood hydrograph. Due to the limited scope of this Phase I investigation, certain assumptions, based on experience and existing data were used in this analysis and in the determination of the dam's spillary capacity to pass the PMF. In the event that the dam could not pass the 1/2 Probable Maximum Flood without overtopping, an additional analysis are to be performed on potential dam failure if the dam designated as a High Hazard Classification. This process was done with the concept, that if the dam was unable to satisfy this criteria, futher refined hydrologic investigaitons would be required.

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Hydrologic Engineering Center's Computer Program HEC-1 DB using the Modified Puls Method of flood routing was used to evaluate the dam, spillway capacity, and downstream hazard.

Unit hydrographs were defined by Clark coefficients, Tc and R derived from a previous study (See Appendix C, page C-1 and C-2). The derived value of R/(Tc+R) was .37 while Snyder coefficientst from this data was estimated at a Ct of 3.44 and Cp of .77. The drainage area was divided into sub-areas according to the slope of the terrain. Runoff, routing and flood hydrograph combining was then performed as inflow to the reservoir.

The Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP) was 20.5 inches according to Hydrometeorological Report (HMR #33) for a 24 hour duration, 200 square mile basin, while loss rates were set at 1.0 inches initial abstraction and 0.1 inches/hour continuous loss rate. The loss rate function yielded 84 percent runoff from the PMF. The PMF inflow hydrograph was 16,685 and the 1/2 PMF inflow was 9334. The large storage capacity of the reservoir reduced these flows to 4741 cfs for the PMF and 496 cfs for the 1/2 PMF. The reservoir has surcharge capacity between normal pool and top of dam to store 73 percent of the PMF runoff.

5.3 SPILLWAY CAPACITY

The spillway is a weir type structure 40 feet in length. A spillway coefficient of 3.2 was assigned for the spillway rating curve development. Immediately behind the weir, flows discharge through a 6 x 12 foot stone arch. The overall discharge capability of the spillway at the top of dam elevation is 717 cfs.

SPILLWAY	CAPACITY				
Discharge	Capacity	as	%	of	PMF
4,741 cfs	1	17%			
496 cfs	16	55%			

5.4 RESERVOIR CAPACITY

PMF 1/2 PMF

The reservoir storage capacity is given below. This was estimated for USGS mapping.

Top of Dam	16,200	Acre	Feet
Crest of Spillway	11.890	-	

5.5 FLOODS OF RECORD

There is no information on water levels at the dam site.

5.6 OVERTOPPING POTENTIAL

The HEC1-DB analysis indicates that the dam will be overtopped as follows:

OVERTOPPING IN FEET

PMF 0.96 Feet 1/2 PMF None The downstream hazard consists of approximately 12 residences adjacent to Limestone Creek through a 3 mile reach.

5.7 EVALUATION

The reservoir has the capacity to store the 1/2 PMF event. The PMF would overtop the dam by one foot for a period of 7 hours. Of concern is the possibility of rising waters flooding residences around the lake picking up floatable debris which could become clogged in the stone arch culvert structure causing the dam to be overtopped. Complete clogging of the high level spillway could cause the dam to be overtopped by 2-3 feet. Proper equipment should be available to remove floatable debris from the spillway in the event of serious flooding. The residents on the lake should be made aware of whom to notify for this task.

Therefore, although it has been determined that the spillway is inadequate to pass the PMF without overtopping the dam, according to the Corps of Engineers' Screening Criteria, the spillway is not considered seriously inadequate since the spillway will pass the 1/2 PMF without overtopping the dam.

SECTION 6 - STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

a. Visual Observations

The dam embankment shows no evidence of misalignment, settlement or movement indicating structural instability.

On the dams downstream slope, throughout the general vicinity of the dams center section near the toe region, saturated and soft soils and marsh vegetation indicate an on-going seepage condition, however. Presumably, past embankment occurrances prompted the 1951 installation of the downstream underdrain system intended to collect embankment seepage before it created a piping/erosion problem. Most of the underdrain system is apparently functional, but is is known that some sections of drain line have been damaged and are not functioning.

The downstream slope of the embankment is heavily overgrown with trees and brush. The presence of the vegetation interferes with inspection of various areas of the dam.

The upstream face of the dam section is provided with a riprap of large stone, except for the freeboard zone which is provided with a vegetative cover. The riprap is generally in good condition, although stones are missing at various locations. In an area near the center of the dams length, erosion of the embankment earth beneath the riprap has occurred, causing sloughing. Riprap material near the easterly end of the dam consists of stone materials smaller than prevalent material used. It appears this area was rebuilt recently, possibly when localized sloughing resulted in loss of the original riprap.

The dams spillway and outlet channel located near the dams west end is a masonry structure which is in relatively good condition in the vicinity of the dam, but deteriorating near the northerly limits where it discharges in an area creek. Some mortar repair is indicated for virtually all areas of the spillway and outlet channel.

b. Geology and Seismic Stability

The DeRuyter Dam is located in the glaciated Allegheny Plateau Province, referred to by some as the Appalachian Upland. Bedrock in the region about the reservoir is of the Hamilton Group of Middle Devonian age. Regional dip is less than 1° to the south.

The reservoir and dam is within a glacial trough. Bedrock beneath the dam, would be of the Otisco member of the Ludlowville Formation of the Hamilton Group. Rock of the Otisco in this area varies from shale and silty shale to flaggy, calcareous siltstone. Depending upon the depth of glacial gouging, deeper bedrock would be stragegraphically lower shale rock units of Devonian age.

There is no indication that the dam is sited on bedrock. From the topographic map interpretation, the dam is most likely sited on glacial drift. Outwash and kame deposits appear to be present. A glacial sand pit is present north of the dam and appears to be kamelike, sorted and stratified silts and sands. Depth to bedrock is unknown.

The riprap, for most of the dam, is of large limestone blocks. At the east end of the dam about 150 feet of the upstream dam face is riprapped with loose beds (average thickness 1/2 to 1 inch) of calcareous siltstone. These beds were laid down in a horizontal orientation with a downstream tilt into the dam. A similar section of riprap is also present at the west end of the dam. Considering the small and poor quality of this riprap material it could be moved by wave action as well as frost heave.

c. Stability Evaluation

The dam embankment appears to be in good condition structurally except for the noted seepage. Brush on the downstream side should be thinned to permit easier access to all areas and permit better observation/detection of seeping areas or other conditions requiring attention. Tall trees near the upper section of embankment should be cut to prevent the danger of damage from storm-caused uprooting.

Necessary repairs should be accomplished for the downstream zones of the existing underdrain system to utilize the full extent of presently available protection against the seepage conditions which are known to occur. Areas of surfacing seepage need particularly be cleared of heavy vegetation and kept under observation. It should be anticipated that seepage zones persisting after the present underdrain collection system is fully operating could require an extension of the present system so to also handle new areas.

Necessary repair to the upstream riprap should be provided to prevent progressive deterioration. Corrections include replacing missing stone and stabilizing the zones where embankment erosion has caused the riprap to slough.

Necessary masonry repair should be provided for the spillway and outlet channel to prevent progressive damage. Damaged and deteriorated areas of the outlet channel should be rehabilitated. A maintenance program should include periodic removal of heavy debris from the channel.

SECTION 7 - ASSESSMENT/REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 DAM ASSESSMENT

a. Safety

This Phase I inspection of the DeRuyter Dam did not indicate conditions which constitute an immediate hazard to human life or property. The dam would not be overtopped by a 1/2 PMF flood, but would be overtopped by almost one foot for 7 hours by the PMF event. Therefore, the spillway is not considered seriously inadequate, based on the Corps of Engineers' Screening Criteria, since it would not be overtopped by the 1/2 PMF.

The following specific safety assessments are based on the Phase I visual examination and analysis of hydrology and hydraulics, and structural stability:

- The service spillway outlet is a 6 x 12 foot stone arch which could become clogged by floatable debris from the residences, boats, and docks that are located around the reservoir. No other emergency outlet exists. A low level outlet is used for flow augmentation.
- 2. The downstream face of the earthen dam which is 1600 feet in length is heavily overgrown with vegetation and large trees. These allow establishment of roots systems within the dam which could promote seepage. The growth also prohibits easy and close examination of the embankment surface to locate and monitor seepage.
- 3. A seepage condition is present throughout the general vicinity of the dams central downstream embankment area near the toe. Saturated and soft soils and marsh vegetation exist in this area even though the dam has an extensive underdrain system.
- 4. An excavation and repair on the subdrain system near the center of the embankment performed in 1978 to repair blockage in the drain line has not been backfilled.
- Inspection of the subdrain system indicates that most of the underdrain system is apparently functional, but that some sections of drain line have been damaged and are not functioning.
- 6. The upstream face of the dam section is riprapped. In an area near the center of the dams length, erosion of the embankment earth below the riprap has occurred causing sloughing.
- 7. The extreme northerly end of the masonry spillway channel is severely deteriorated and undermined. This deterioration will progress up the channel if repairs are not made.

- 8. The three 12 inch valves in the low level control structure are badly deteriorated. One valve is, at present, inoperative; one can be only partially opened; while the third is operating, but badly corroded.
- 9. The mortar in the riprap, the inlet weir, and the spillway and outlet channel is partially deteriorated but in general is in fair condition.
- No major deformation of the alignment of the structure was noted.

b. Adequacy of Information

The information available is adequate for this Phase I investigation.

c. Urgency

Items 1 through 9 in the safety assessment should be dealt with, and appropriate improvements and repairs should be performed within one year of this notification.

d. Need for Additional Information

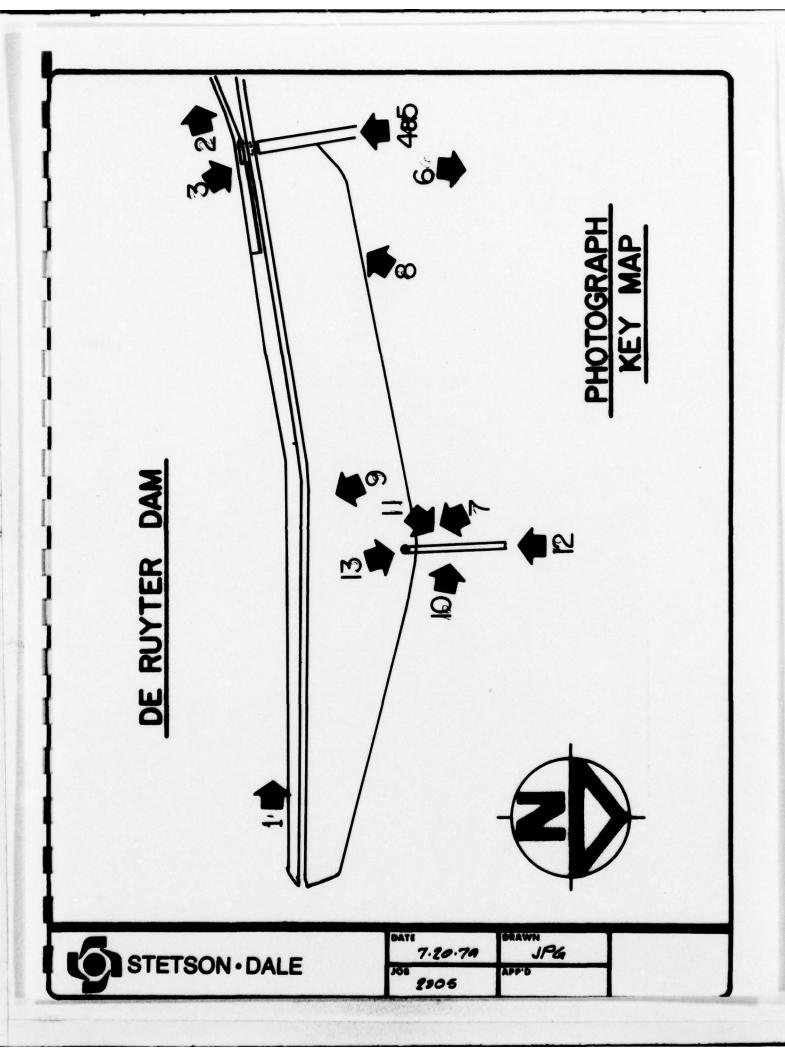
Further investigations relative to the aforementioned 9 items in the safety assessment should be performed to determine appropriate remedial measures.

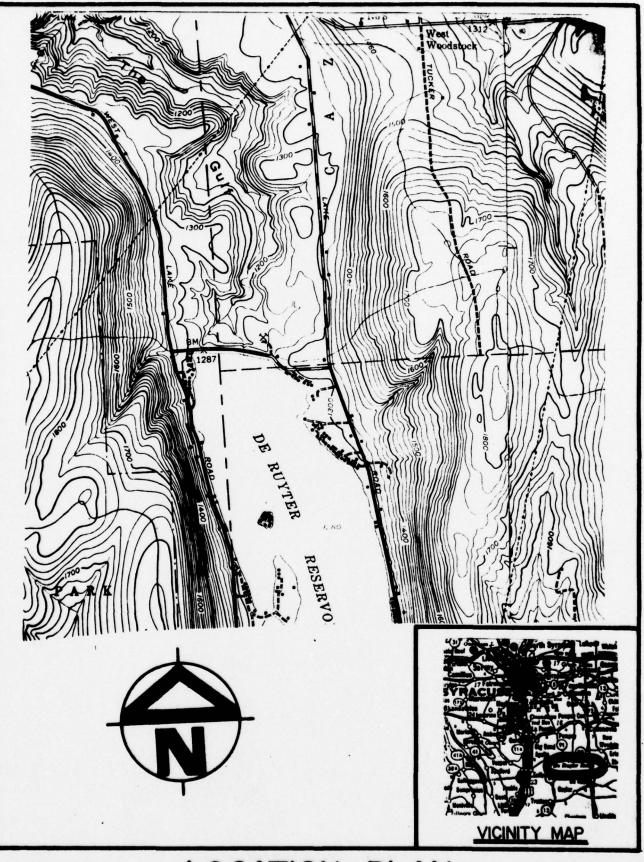
7.2 RECOMMENDED MEASURES

- a. Results of follow-up, investigation will determine the remedial measures required. The following is a list of the remedial work:
 - Proper equipment to remove large floatable debris which may clog in the spillway culvert should be available in the event of serious flooding. A notification system chould be provided for use during emergencies.
 - 2. Brush on the downstream side should be removed to permit easier access to all areas and permit better observation/detection of seeping areas or other conditions requiring attention. Trees on the embankment should be removed to eliminate damage from storm-caused uprooting.
 - After clearing the embankment, the areas where seepage is suspected should be inspected.
 - 4. Necessary repairs should be made to the existing underdrain system to utilize the available protection against the seepage

conditions which are known to occur. Areas of surfacing seepage should be cleared of heavy vegetation and kept under observation. It should be anticipated that seepage zones persisting after the present underdrain collection system is fully operating could require an extension of the present system to also handle new areas.

- 5. Backfill the open excavation at the toe of the dam near the center of the embankment.
- 6. The riprap should be repaired to prevent progressive deterioration. Corrections include replacing missing stone and stabilizing the zones where embankment erosion has caused the riprap to slough.
- 7. The spillway and outlet channel should be repaired to prevent progressive damage. Damaged and deteriorated areas of the outlet channel should be rehabilitated. A maintenance program should include periodic removal of heavy debris from the channel.
- 8. Repair or replace low level outlet valves.

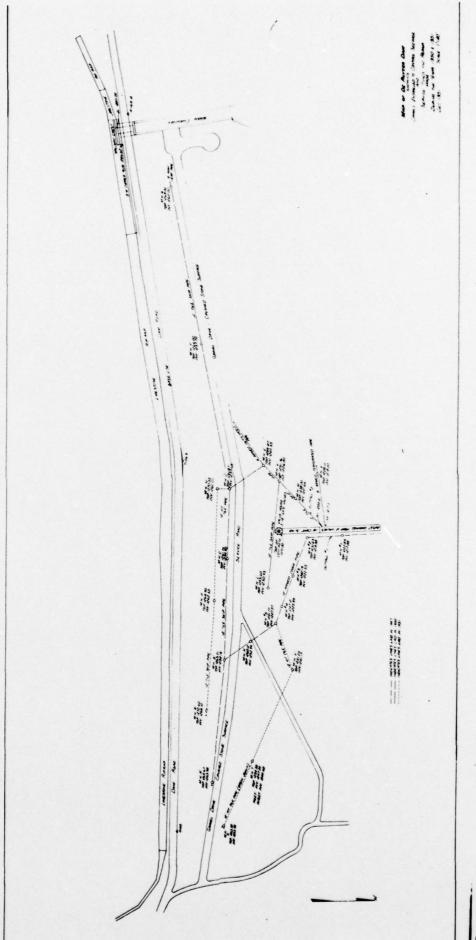


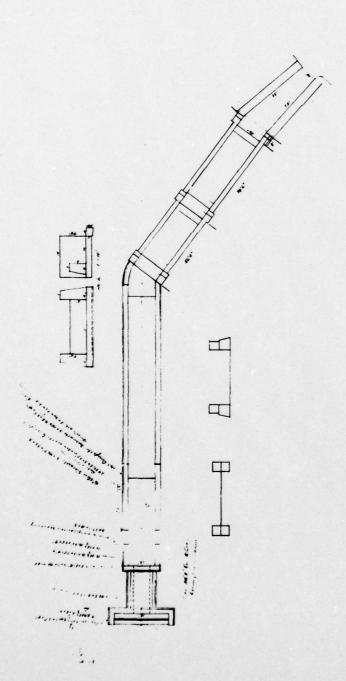


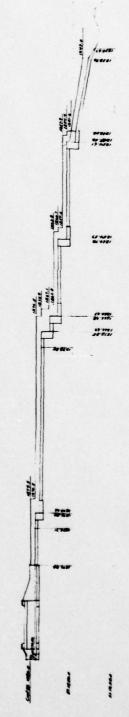
LOCATION PLAN

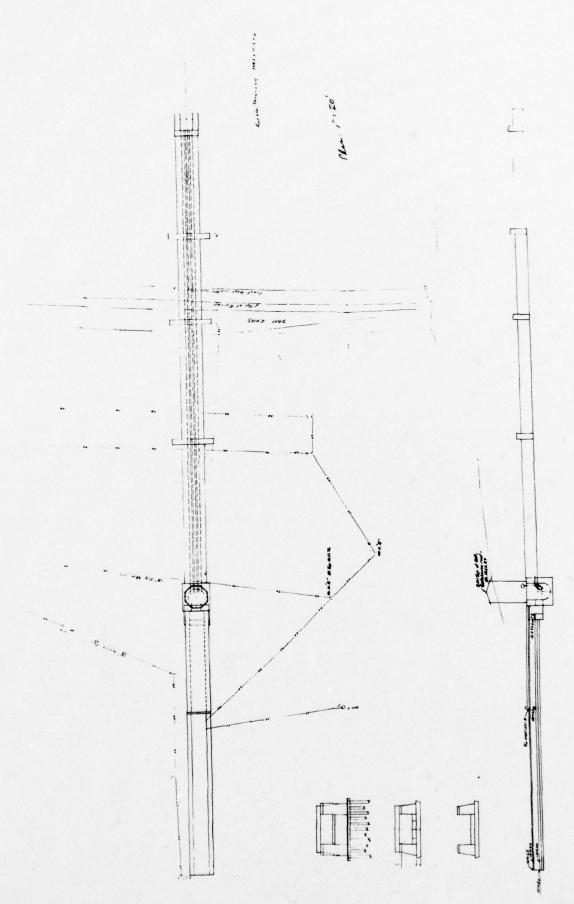
FIGURE !

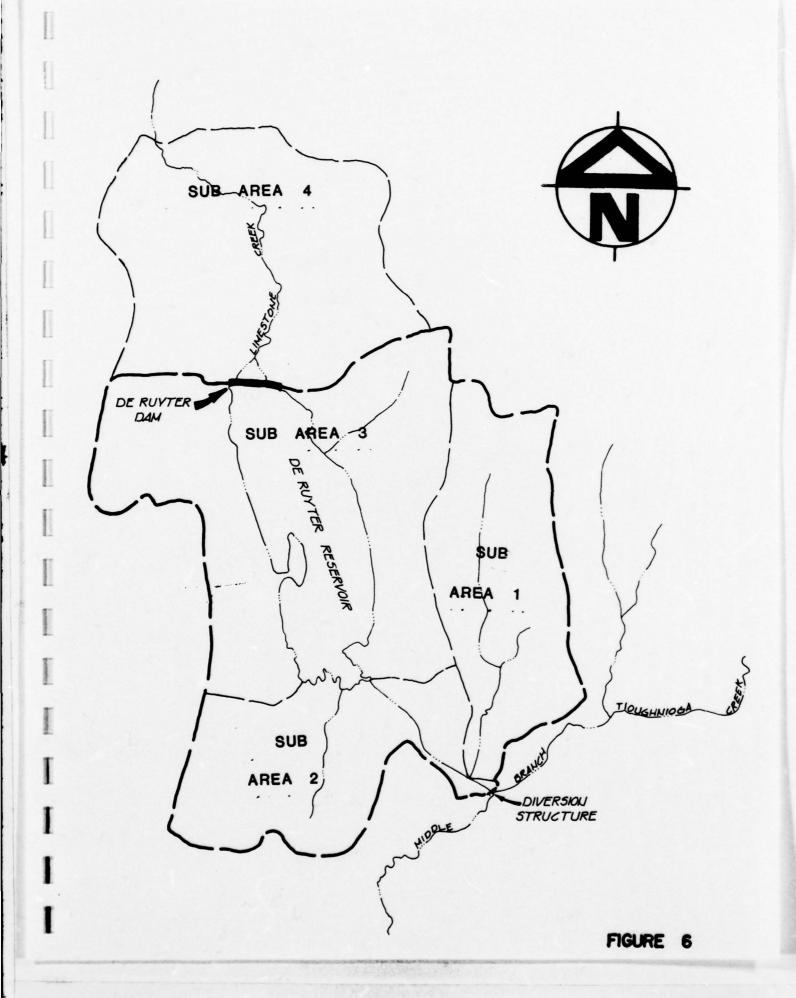
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APPENDIX A

FIELD INSPECTION REPORT

CHECK LIST VISUAL INSPECTION

Samples provided previous provided

PHASE 1

Name Dam DeRuyter Dam Cou Type of Dam Earthen Date(s) Inspection June 13, 1979 Wea Pool Elevation at Time of Inspection 1277+ Inspection Personnel: F.W. Byszewski Stetson-	ther Fair M.S.L.	Hazard Category High Temperature 60°+ Tailwater at Time of Inspection N/A. Richard Aldrich NYSDOT (Region 3)	ion N/A.
N.F. Dunlevy	Stetson-Dale		
D.F. McCarthy	Stetson-Dale		

Stetson-Bale

H. Muskatt

CONCRETE/MASONRY DAMS

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE	N.A.	
STRUCTURE TO ABUTMENT/EMBANKMENT JUNCTIONS	N.A.	
DRAINS	N.A.	
WATER PASSAGES	N.A.	
FOUNDATION	N.A.	

CONCRETE/MASONRY DAMS

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SURFACE CRACKS CONCRETE SURFACES	N.A.	
STRUCTURAL CRACKING	N.A.	
VERTICAL & HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT	N.A.	
MONOLITH JOINTS	N.A.	
CONSTRUCTION JOINTS	N.A.	
STAFF GAGE OF RECORDER	N.A.	

SHEET 3

EMBANKMENT

-

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SURFACE CRACKS	None observed.	
UNUSUAL MOVEMENT OR CRACKING AT OR BEYOND THE TOE	None observed.	
SLOUGHING OR EROSION OF EMBANKMENT AND ABUTMENT SLOPES	None observed.	Difficult to identify the point where abutment meets original ground due to heavy growth at brush trees.
VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALINEMENT OF THE CREST	None observed.	
RIPRAP FAILURES	None observed.	Majority of dam - dry laid riprap riprap. Different type of riprap near east abutment. Probably repaired. Riprap grouted near spillway.

EMBANKMENT

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
EXCAVATIONS	Open excavation just west of control structure. Very unstable bottom. Abandoned attempt to unclog sub-drains.	Should be filled and properly compacted.
JUNCTION OF EMBANKMENT AND ABUTMENT, SPILLWAY AND DAM	See Sheet 4.	***
ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE	Possibly at toe of slope, westerly half of dam.	Ditch invert at toe of slope is saturated, very soft. No flowing water.
STAFF GAGE AND RECORDER	None.	
DRAINS	Checked flow at manholes.	Slight to moderate flow in manholes. Substantial (10+ GPM) at outlet from westerly slope. Clear water, no fines observed.

UNGATED SPILLWAY

Masonry weir, some deterioration of mortar joints. None. Good condition except for end - 350+ from spillway, severely undermined. Concrete arch culvert. Good condition.	VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
Good condition except for end - 350+ from spillway, severely undermined. Concrete arch culvert. Good condition.	CONCRETE WEIR	Masonry weir, some deterioration of mortar joints.	Repoint.
Good condition except for end - 350+ from spillway, severely undermined. Concrete arch culvert. Good condition.	APROACH CHANNEL	None.	
Concrete arch culvert.	DISCHARGE CHANNEL	Good condition except for end - 350-from spillway, severely undermined.	Repair.
	BRIDGE AND PIERS		

GATED SPILLWAY

		**
VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE SILL	None.	
APPROACH CHANNEL	None.	
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	None.	
BRIDGE AND PIERS	None.	
GATES AND OPERATION EQUIPMENT	None.	

OUTLET WORKS

CRACKING AND SPALLING OF CONCRETE SURFACES IN OUTLET CONDUIT	A.	
INTAKE STRUCTURE Su	Submerged.	
OUTLET STRUCTURE The va	Three, 24 inch pipes with gate valves at outlet end.	One valve unoperative. One valve operates only part way. One valve operates. REPAIR OR REPLACE.
OUTLET CHANNEL Go	Good condition.	
EMERGENCY GATE No	None.	

DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL

CONDITION (DBSTRUCTIONS, DEBRIS, ETC.) SLOPES SLOPES APPROXIMATE NO. OF HOMES AND POPULATION Table to a condition. No observed recent erosion except at end of spillway masonry channel. No instability observed. 13-15 hours within one mile. HGH hazard.	VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
No instability observed. 13-15 hours within one mile.	CONDITION (OBSTRUCTIONS, DEBRIS, ETC.)	=	
0.	SLOPES	No instability observed.	
	APPROXIMATE NO. OF HOMES AND POPULATION	13-15 hours within one mile.	HGH hazard.

SHEET 10

INSTRUMENTATION

MONUMENTATION/SURVEYS None. OBSERVATION WELLS None. WEIRS None. PIEZOMETERS None.	VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
ATION WELLS	MONUMENTATION/SURVEYS	None.	
ETERS	OBSERVATION WELLS	None.	
ETERS	WEIRS	None.	
	P I EZOMETERS	None.	
	отне в	None.	

RESERVOIR

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SLOPES	No instability observed.	
SEDIMENTATION	Minimal.	

CHECK LIST ENGINEERING DATA IN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION PHASE 1

I

NAME OF DAM

01

ITEM	REMARKS
AS-BUILT DRAWINGS	None.
REGIONAL VICINITY MAP	Included.
CONSTRUCTION HISTORY	None.
TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM	Included minimal dimensions.
OUTLETS - PLAN - DETAILS - CONSTRAINTS - DISCHARGE RATINGS	None.
RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS	None.

ITEM	REMARKS
DESIGN REPORTS	None.
GEOLOGY REPORTS	None.
DESIGN COMPUTATIONS HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS DAM STABILITY SEEPAGE STUDIES	None.
MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS BORING RECORDS LABORATORY FIELD	None.
POST-CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM	None.
BORROW SOURCES	None.

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Name of the last

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ITEM	REMARKS
MONITORING SYSTEMS	None,
MODIFICATIONS	Riprap repair 1897. Sub-drains installed 1947, 1950, 1951.
HIGH POOL RECORDS	None.
POST CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES AND REPORTS	None.
PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM DESCRIPTION REPORTS	None.
MAINTENANCE OPERATION: RECORDS	Inspection reports included.

	REMARKS
SPILLWAY PLAN	
SECTIONS	
DETAILS	
OPERATING EQUIPMENT PLANS & DETAILS	

CHECK LIST HYDROLOGIC & HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING DATA

DRAINAGE AF	REA CHARACTERISTICS: 5.60
ELEVATION 1	TOP NORMAL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY): 1280
ELEVATION 1	TOP FLOOD CONTROL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY):
ELEVATION N	MAXIMUM DESIGN POOL:
	TOP DAM: 1287
CREST:	
a. (Elevation1280
b. 1	Type Weir controlling inflow into 6 x 12 ft. stone arch culvert
	width Weir 3 ft.
u	Length well to let
e. l	ocation Spillover West side of dam.
f. 1	Number and Type of Gates None.
OUTLET WORK	TypeThree, 12 in. steel pipes. Location Low level center of dam. Entrance Inverts
c. 1	Entrance Inverts
d. I	Exit Inverts Approximately 1219
e. I	Emergency Draindown Facilities Three pipes.
HYDROMETEO	ROLOGICAL GATES:
a. 1	Type
b. 1	Location
c. 1	Records
MAXIMUM NON	N-DAMAGING DISCHARGE:

APPENDIX B
PREVIOUS INSPECTION REPORTS/RELEVANT CORRESPONDENCE

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TUNNEL 52/ NO GATES																					•				
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us rooz 701 30	2	•				-		MASTE GATE - BUTTERNUT ABUEDUCT
us foet 7e1 30	2	-				~		BUTTERNUT FEEDER GULKMEAD
"S FOO4 701 30	30	•				•		DERUYTER INLET HEADGATES
US FO03 701 30	š	•		•	5.0			STREAM ENT DERUTER INLET
WS FOOT Fe1 30				1280.0	3.0			DERUYTER DAM SPILLMAY
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STOE SPILLWAY STOE SPILLWAY ONDNOAGA CREE TAINTOR GATE OVERFLON FLUN SOUTH HEADGAT SOUTH HEADGAT NORTH HEADGAT NOR	200	à.	#13.3	255.0 255.0 352.0 352.0	STATION - APPROX STRUCTURE CENTER 1191-00 1203-71 60-15 3931-90 119-40 121-40 121-42 121-42 121-42 640-35 640-50 640-50 652-60 652-60	
HYDRAULIC CANAL BULKHEAD (SEALED)	35				1105.00	
MYDRAULIC CANAL BULKHEAD (SEALED)	35					0
BULKHFAD MAT - CURVED DAM - OSMEGO		28			1169+06	
	37	28			1145+90	
	2	14				
BULKHFAD NO 5 - MINETTO	37				972+15	•
1	2				652+00	
	901	•			642+20	
BULKHEAD NO 3 W STOE LOWER DAM	108	.10				
BULKHFAD NO 4 W SIDE LOWER DAM	108	2			640+35	0
POWER FORERAY - LOCK 03 - FULTON	10				00.00	
	2	6			121+28	•
PLUGGEO	8	•			121+42	
PLUGGED	00				121+56	
Baceway	8		13.3	352.0	121+80	0
PLUGGED ''	0	6			119.40	0
PLUGGED	8	•			119+10	0
	00	•			118+80	0
DERUYIER OUTLET FLUME			•			٠
OVERFLOW FLUME -DERUYTER DAM						٠
TAINTOR GATE NN POJER RACE 530 FT L	902				3931+90	w
ONGNDAGA CREEK SPILLMAY	120				60-15	
STDE SPILLMAY WEST WALL AROVE LOCK	4 6 4			255.0	1203+71	•
SIDE SPILLMAY BETWEEN LDCKS OT & OR	7 9 7			255.0	1191.00	•
	CONTRACT	2	LIFT, HIGHT	CLON/ONLY)		CANAL

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Special Control

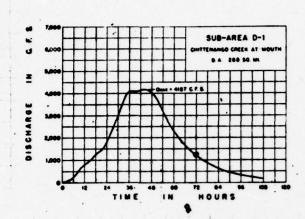
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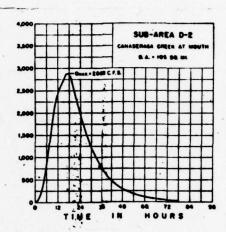
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APPENDIX C
HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

OJECT NAME	NEW YORK STATE DAM INSPECT	ON DATE 6.1.79	
	DERUYTER DAM	PROJECT NO. 230)5
	PARAMETER COMPUTATIONS *	SHEET IOF 2 DRAWN BY JPG	>





USE CANASERAGA CREEK FOR COMPUTATION OF:

For observed events, T_C and R can be estimated from measurable characteristics of a hydrograph, as follows:

- (1) T_C can be estimated as the time from the end of a burst of rainfall excess to the inflection point on the recession limb of the resulting direct runoff hydrograph.
- (2) R can be estimated as the discharge at the inflection point on the recession limb of the direct runoff hydrograph divided by the slope of the recession limb at that point.

$$R = 750 / (650/18) = 20.77 \qquad T_C = 36$$

$$\frac{R}{T_0 + R} = \frac{20.77}{56.77} = .366$$

- * COMPUTER & RELATED STUDIES FOR LAKE LEVEL CONTROL &
 RIVER REGULATION; REPORT TO US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS,
 BUFFALO DISTRICT; NYS DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION
 NOV 1/77; (UNIT HYDEOGRAPHS BY BUFFALO DISTRICT)
- * TRAINING COURSE ON HYDROLOGIC & HYDRAULIC ASPECTS OF NON-FEDERAL DAM SAFETY PHASE I INSPECTION & REPORTING (HHANDS) 24-28 JULY 1978 C-1



	NEW DE R	UYTER										61.79 ECT NO. 2305
JECT								-				
	TARAM	ETER	COMPU	TATIONS	5			DH	EET 2	05 %	DRAW	N 84 1/5
Till			T			1					11	TIL
		4	d- #-\	+-+-1	-,	1-1				1-1-		
	CFF	(tpR -	.23 UR)	3 =	10-	750	4.3	- 4	7.75	= 3,9	19	
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PROJECT	NAME NEW YORK	STATE DA	AM INSPEC	TION		DATE 6.19.79
BUBJECT.	DE RUYTER	DAM				PROJECT NO. 2305
Π	ESTIMATE	OF CLARK	'S PARAME	ETERS		DRAWN BY JPG
	ESTIMATE OF 7				K	?/(Tc+R) = 0.366
	Tc = 11.9 (L3/	H).303				
		L (MI)	H(FT)	Te	R	(.634R = .366Tc)
II .	SUB AREA 1	1.89	550	2.79	1.61	
Ц	" 2	0.95	405	1.11	0.64	
0	" " 3	1.82	545	2.10	1.21	

1.88

1.09

	(S+1).7	5-	1000 -10 Cu	0	TZ= LI	1.6	
		P(FT)	5	Y(%)	L	TE	R
SUB ARE	A 1	9980	3,89	10	80	1.33	.77
" "	2	5010	3,89	25	.29	.49	.28
11 11	3	9610	3,89	25	.49	.82	.47
11 11	4	9610	3,89	15	.63	1.06	.61

725

1.82

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OJECT NAME _	DE RUYTER DAM INSPECTION	DATE 6.21.79
BJBCT	DE RUYTER DAM	PROJECT NO.2305
	ESTIMATE OF SUYDER'S PARAMETERS	DRAWN BY JPG

640 Cp - Cp = .77 FOR SUB AREA 1 THRU 4

to=	Ct	(Lx	La).3			
			Ct		La	to
SUB AR	EA 1		3.44	1.89	1.23	4.43
0 0	2		3.44	0.95	0.57	2.80
	3		3,44	1.82	0.95	4.05
H .	4		3.44	1.82	1.14	4.28

tr	= to/	5.5		
			te	te
SUB	AREA	1	4.43	0.80
n	11	2	2.86	0.52
"	"	3	4.05	0.74
	п	4	4.28	0.78

ter =	to +	.25	(te-tr)			
			to	tr	tr	ter
SUB.	AREA	1	4.43	1.0	0.80	4.48
"	"	2	2.86	1.0	0.52	2.98
"	"	3	4.05	1.0	0.74	4.12
"	•	4	4.28	1.0	0.78	4.34



ROJECT NAME	NEW YORK STATE DAM INSPECTION	DATE 6.1.79
SUBJECT	DE RUYTER DAM	PROJECT NO. 2305
1	DEPTH - DURATION RELATIONSHIP	DRAWN BY JPG

HYDROMETEOROLOGICAL	REPORT	No	33
PMP INDEX RAINFALL			
200 Sq Mi			
24 HR - 20"			

DURATION	%	DEPTH
6	103	20.6"
12	116	23.2"
24	126	25.2"
48	138	27.6"



DIECT NAME	IAME LIEW YORK STATE DAM INSPECTION						DATE 7.10.79		
JECTDE	DE RUYTER DAM						PROJECT NO. 2305		
Sta.	GE - DISC	HARGE	RELAT	IONSHIP		DRAWN	JAG		
ASSUME	ORIFICE	FLOW							
STAGE	6	A	29	Н	VZgH	Q(I AME)	Q(3 PIPES)		
1219	.35	.785	64.4	0	0	0	Q		
1220				1	8.02	.27	0.81		
1225				6	19.66	5.40	16.20		
1230					26.62	7.31	21.93		
1235				16	32.10	8.82	26.46		
1240				21	36.77	10.10	30.30		
1245				24	40.92	11.24	33.72		
1250				31	44.68	12.28	36.84		
1255				36	48.15	13.23	39.69		
1260				41	51,38	14.12	42.36		
1265				44	54.43	14.95	44.85		
1270				51	57.31	15.75	47.25		

60.05

62.68

65.20

67.62

56

61

66

71

64.4

.785

.35

16.49

17.22

17.91

18.58

1275

1280

1285

1290

49.47

51.66

53.73

55.74



6-7

NEW YORK STATE DAM INSPECTION DATE 6-6-79 PROJECT NAME _ DE RUMER DAM PROJECT NO. 2305 OVERFLOW DISCHARGE CALCULATIONS SUMMARY HEIGHT ABOVE LAKE SPICEOUT BLEV. PLEVATION MSCHARGE (T.) (7) (CF5) 1280 0 0 128/ 69 180 1282 1283 277 1284 377 1285 485 1286 580 1287 668 7 1170 1288 8 4,750 1287 1290 10 120



JECT NAME			N	EW	You	K	57	An	_	D	nn		INS	rec	TA)N				DATE	6.6	.79	_
ect				De	Run	ER	L	an					_							PROJECT	NO. 23	05	_
					VERF	<u>ww</u>		Duch	YAL	er.		CA	cu	47	70N.	,			_	DRAWN (W_ AA	NS	
gater	Su	A	<u>_</u>	12	00	T	K=	0		0	- 0		cfr				1			T	1	-	
	1			-				7		4			3.4					T			h=	0	-
water	sur	fare		12	81		6	=/													Q=	-	
	-	CI	山和						C	~	1.72	2											
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		f	9	Jean	= 19	5/12	=	16.2	5	->	H	YR	*	.68	±								-
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re	· he	al	~leti	ons -	900	two	for	- 54	Lome	ges	Lui	ur					-	1					-
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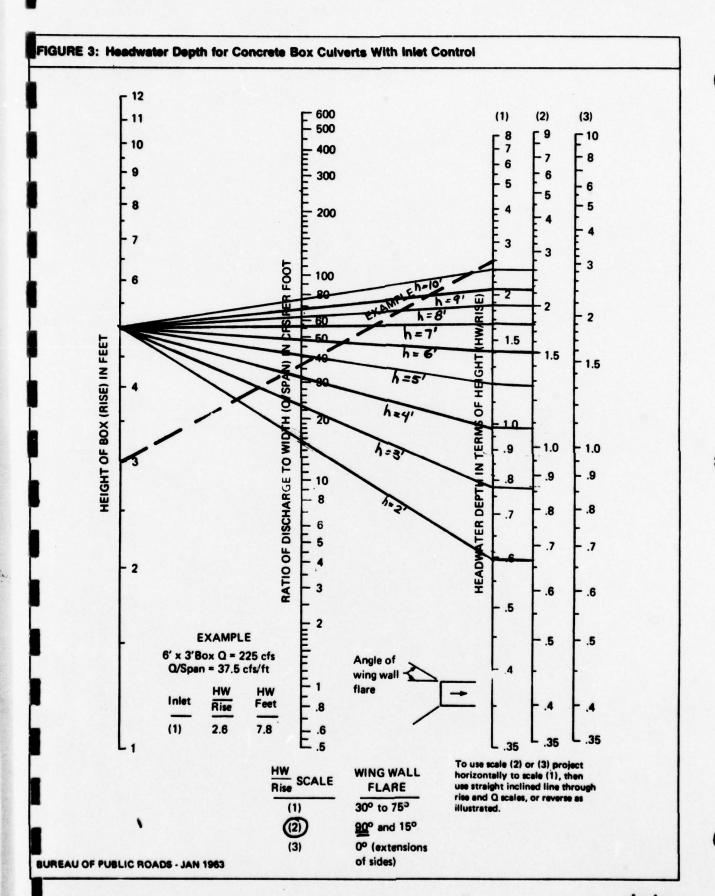
NEW YORK STATE DAM INSPECTION DISCHARGE CALCULATIONS OVERPLOW water surface = 1283 h=3" assume wair submerged Q = CL/h (h+.38/d) C=1.79 , lot h= 1.75', d= 1.25' = 1.79 × 40 × [3 (1.75 + .59 (1.25)] = 277 cf3 checking inlet control on owhert 9/5p = 277/12 = 23. =7 HW/R; 2.86 =7 HW = .86x5 = 4.3 since 4.3 (hosebuter dapth) = 3.04 + 1.25 = 4.29 (dopth below weir) 10k h=3' checking doubth of flow in culvert: Q = 277 = 1549/ ARTS Q = 277cfs AR" = 53.7 => depth flow = 2.87 ± < 4.3' inlet control water surface = 1284' , h = 4' Q = CL/h'(h+-381d) (= 1.85; let h= 1.65, d= 2.35 = 1.85 ×40 × 47 [1.65 + .381 (2.35)] = 377 ef cheeking inlet control on culvert 9/5 = 377/12 = 31.5 => HW/R: = 1.085 h=4' . HW = 5 x LO85 = 5.42 ± Q=377cfs since 5.42 (headwater depth) = 2.35 + 3.04 = 5.39 (headwater depth below weir) OK



TEL SISTEMBLE	
NOOSO! NAMES	6.6.79
	NECT NO. 2305
OVERPLOW DISCHARGE CALCULATIONS DAY	AWN BY AMS
water surface = 1285' h=5'	
Q = CLJh (h+ .381d) C= 1.85 ld h=1.65'd=3.35	
= 1.85=40 [5] [1.65 + .381(3.35)] = 485 cfs	
cheating inlet control on culvert	h= 5'
95p = 485/12 = 40.4 => HW/R: = 1.275 ± => HW = 5×1.77 = 6.36	g = 485d
since 6.38 (hadander douth) = 3.35 + 3.04 - 6.39' flowth below wer	
Vok	'
mater surface = 1286 h=6'	* **
Q= CLJh' (h+ .381d) C= 1.85 lat h= 1.5' d= 4.5'	10 70 C 404 S 744
= 1.85 40 [[15 + .381 (4.5)] = 580 cfs	
checking inlet control on culvert	h=6'
950 = 589/12 = 48.5 => HW/21 = 1.5 HW = 1.5 x 5 = 75	9=580
since 7.5' (hondwater dayth) = 4.5 + 3.04 = 7.54' (depth below weir)
Vok	
water surface = 1287, h=7	
Q = CL/h" (h+ .381d) C= 1.85 let h= 1.20 d= 5.10	
= 1.85×40 [7 [1.2 +.381 (5.8)] = 668 cfs	
cheaking inlet control on colvert	
0/5p = 668/12 = 55.6 => HW/RL = 1.78 HW = 1.78 x5 = 8.9'	h-7'
since 8.9' (headwater doth) = 5.8 + 3.04 - 5.84 (doth below we	
	1 0= 000 G
Vok	
	6-10

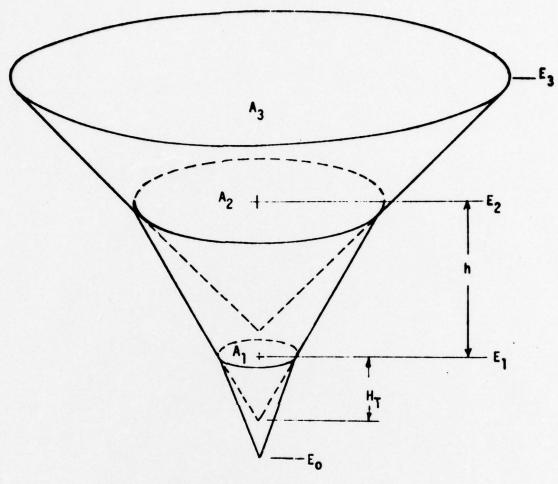
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NEW YORK STATE DAM INSPECTION DATE	6-6-79
	NO. 2305
OVERFLOW DISCHARGE CALCULATIONS DRAWN	m Ams
1	4, 1-1-1
water surface = 1288 h=8' (dam overtopped by 0.3')	
flow through culvert	
1d HW = 8'+3.04' - 1.04 = 10' HW/Ri = 195 = 2	
=7 % = 61.5 or Q= 61.5 × 12 = 738 efs	
flow overtopping embankment	
Q= CLH +2 H= -3', L= 1600'±,	
1.44 (*29 < C < 1.70 (*46) let c= 1.65	
= 1.65 × 1600 × .3 = 434 cf	h=8'
total flow = Qc + Qwe = 738 + 434 = 1172 of	Q= 1170 cfs
water surface = 1289 h = 9' (overtopping by 1.3') culvert flow; let HW = 9+35 = 11.5 $\frac{HW}{R_i} = \frac{11.5}{5} = 2.3$	
=> $%_p = 70 .0 = 70 \times 12 = 840 \text{ cfs}$	
flow overtopping embankmant $Q = CLH = 1.65 (1600) 1.3 = 3913 cf$	h=9'
total flow = Qc + QE = 840 + 3910 = 4750 cfs	Q=4750¢
water surface = 1290 h= 10' (overtopping by 2.3')	
culvert flow; let $HW = 10 + 3 = 13$ $HW/R_i = 13 = 2.6$	
$\Rightarrow 9/sp = 76 Q_{\frac{1}{2}} = 9/2 \text{if} 12 = 9/$	V
flow overtopping embankment	
Q= CLH3 = 1.65 (1600) 2.3 = 9209 cb	h= 10'
total flow = Qc + QE = 910 + 9210 = 10,120 cfs	0= 10/150





AME <u>NEW YORK STATE DAM</u> DE RUYTER DAM	TUSPECTION	DATE
STAGE - STORAGE		DRAWN BY JPG
CALCULATED BY CONIC A HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE		FLOOD
RESERVOIR STORAGE CAPACITY		
av = h/3 (A1+A2+VA1A2)	A ₁ = 1.0 (ASSUMED) A ₂ = 560.15 h = 61'	
AV = 6:1/3 (1.0+ 560.15 + 10)(560.1	<u>a)</u>)	



$$\Delta V_{12} = \frac{h}{3}(A_1 + A_2 + \sqrt{A_1 A_2})$$

$$H_T = h/(\sqrt{A_2/A_1} - 1)$$

Where

 ΔV_{12} = volume between base areas 1 and 2.

At = surface area of base i.

 E_i = elevation of base i,

h = vertical distance (E_2-E_1) between bases A_1 and A_2 , and

H_T = height of truncated part of cone.

FIGURE 2: CONIC METHOD FOR RESERVOIR VOLUME





	LEW YORK	STATE DAM I	NSPECTION	DATE 7.3.79
	TAGE - STO			DRAWN BY
I Ass		BY CONIC		
1 Euc		AREA	VOLUME	
1280		540.15	61/3 (1.0+560.15 + VIX560.	
1275	5	514.23	56/3 (1.0 + 514.23 + V 514.23	
1270		448.32	51/3 (1.0 + 468.98+ \468.32)	= 8344
1265		422.41	46/3 (1.0 + 422.A1 + \422.A1)	= 6807
1260)	376.49	41/3 (1.0+ 376.49+ 376.49	
125	5	330.58	36/3 (1.0+ 330.58+ 1330.58	
1250	>	284.67	31/3 (1.0+ 284.67 + 284.67	
1245		238.75	26/3 (1.0+ 238.75+1238.75)	
1240		192.84	21/3 (1.0+ 192.84 + 192.84	= 1454
1236		146.92	16/3 (1.0+ 146.92+ 146.92)	= 853
1230		101.01	11/3 (1.0+ 101.01+ 101.01)	= 410
1225	5	55.09	6/3 (1.0+55,09+55,09)	= 127
1220		9.18	:1/3 (1.0+ 9.18 + 19.18)	= 4
1219	(BOTTON OF DAM)	1.0 (ASSUMED)	.1.0	= . 1

```
30100 DAMBRK.P36.T5.CH30000.
36118 ACCOUNT, CS746, STET.
88126 SYSCALL . HEC! DAM/NOECHO.
20130 REMIND. OUTPUT.
36146 COPYET. OUTPUT. RUOUT.
96156 REPLACE RUOUT.
36166 REWIND OUTPUT.
36176 GOTO . DAYFILE.
36186 EXIT.
36196 DAYFILE DAY.
70200 REPLACE . DAY .
36216 /EOR
36220 A1
              DE RUYTER DAM
30230 AZ
              HEC-1DB
36246 A3
              PMF-RUNOFF ANALYSIS (CLARK'S PARAMETERS) W/ LOW LEVEL CUTLET
10250 B
                             0
                     1
30268 B1
30270 J
00286 J1
86296 K
36386 K1
           SUB AREA 1 RUNOFF
36316 M
                          1.37
                                                                              1
38328 P
                                    123
                                            133
                                                    142
                  20.5
                           111
86336 T
                                                                    9.1
88346 V
          1.33
                  8.77
86350 X
88368 K
88378 K1
           CHANNEL ROUTE THRU SUB AREA 2
86386 Y
86396 Y1
                                                             -1
30466 Y6
                    .04
                                   1275
                                                   4300
                                                            .007
            .08
                            .08
                                           1320
                                            286
                                                            296
86416 Y7
           100
                   1378
                           200
                                   1300
                                                   1286
                                                                   1275
                                                                            366
                                                                                   1275
                           400
36428 Y7
                                   1366
                                            450
                                                   1320
           310
                  1286
86436 K
                                              8
86448 K1
           SUB AREA 2 RUNOFF
86458 H
                                                                              1
88468 P
                  28.5
                           111
                                    123
                                            133
                                                    142
88478 T
                                                                    0.1
38486 V
                    .28
           .49
86496 X
86500 K
                     10
88518 K1
           COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT
86528 K
                     3
06536 K1
           SUB AREA 3 RUNOFF
86546 H
             1
                     .
                          2.94
                                            5.6
                                                                              1
86556 P
                                                    142
                  28.5
                           111
                                    123
                                            133
                                                                    6.1
88568 T
86578 V
           .82
                    .47
86586 X
88598 K
                    29
86686 K1
           COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT 20 (18 AND 20 SAME ON LAKE)
99618 K
                    26
                             .
             1
           ROUTE THRU DE RUYTER DAM
86628 K1
96636 Y
86648 Y1
                                                          -1280
30656 Y4 1219
                  1228
                          1225
                                   1236
                                           1235
                                                   1246
                                                           1245
                                                                   1250
                                                                           1255
                                                                                   1260
38668 Y4 1265
                          1275
                  1278
                                  1280
                                          1285
                                                   1296
88678 Y5
                    .86
                                 21.93
                                                          33.72
                          16.2
                                         26.46
                                                  30.30
                                                                  36.84
                                                                          39.49
                                                                                  42.36
88688 Y5 44.85
                                          539.8
                 47.25
                         49.47
                                 51.66
                                                    965
                                   416
30690 $5
                                                   1454
                           127
                                           853
                                                           2212
                                                                   3126
                                                                           4197
                                                                                   5424
                  8346
                         10041
                                  11896
                                                  17496
86695 $S 6887
                                          14698
                  1220
                                                           1245
86786 SE 1219
                          1225
                                   1230
                                           1235
                                                   1240
                                                                   1250
                                                                           1255
                                                                                   1260
86765 SE 1265
                  1270
                          1275
                                   1286
                                           1285
                                                   1296
36716 SS 1286
10728 SD1287.7
                  2.64
                           1.5 1560.6
```

00730	K	1	30	•	9	0	-	1			
00740	K1	CHANNEL	ROUTE	THRU SUB	AREA 4						
20750	Y				1	1					
86766	Y1	1		0	•			-1			
88778	16	.08	.64	.68	1165	1200	10296	.001			
36786	17	100	1200	200	1186	466	1170	463	1165	497	1165
86796	17	416	1176	486	1186	629	1266				
30800	K		4					1			
36816	K1	SUB ARE	A 4 RUI	NOFF							
30820	H	1		2.19		5.6	0	0	0	1	
16836	P		26.5	111	123	133	142				
36848	T		•				6	1	0.1		
38858	V	1.86	.61								
36866	X	4	4	1							
36875	K	2	39		•			1			
16886	K1	COMBINE	2 HYDI	ROCRAPHS	AT 30						
30890	K	1	36				0	1			
30900	K1	ROUTE T	HRU DOL	INSTREAM I	HAZARD						
36915	4				1	1					
36928	¥1	1		8				-1			
86936	46	.68	.84	.#8	1676	1100	8000	.901			
36948	17	100	1100	458	1080	856	1976	855	1865	865	1865
30950	17	900	1076	1000	1886	1100	1100				
36976	K	99									
86986	A										
30996	A										
31806	A										
81818	A										
81625	A										
31030											
	-										

RUOUT 16:38 JUL 18.'79 FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1) DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978 LAST MODIFICATION 26 FEB 79 *************************

PREVIEW OF SEQUENCE OF STREAM NETWORK CALCULATIONS

RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO 16 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT 10 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT 3 COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT 20 ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO 20 ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO 30 RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT 36 ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO 38 END OF NETWORK

FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1) DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978 LAST MODIFICATION 26 FEB 79

RUN DATE# 79/67/18. TIME# #8.42.31.

> DE RUYTER DAM HEC-1DB PMF-RUNOFF ANALYSIS (CLARK'S PARAMETERS) W/ LOW LEVEL OUTLET

JOB SPECIFICATION IPRT NSTAN MMIN IDAY IMIN METRO IPLT IHR 98 . JOPER LROPT

MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED NPLAN= 1 NRTIO= 6 LRTIQ= 1 RTIOS= .50 .60 .80 1.00

******** *********

SUB AREA 1 RUNOFF

ISTAG ICOMP IECON ITAPE JPLT JPRT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO

HYDROGRAPH DATA IHYDG IUHG TAREA RATIO ISNOW ISAME LOCAL SNAP TRSDA TRSPC 1.37 5.60 0.00 6.686

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

PRECIP DATA

R72 R12 R24 6.60 26.56 111.66 123.66 133.66 142.66 1.00 TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS .866

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA
TC= 1.33 R= .77 NTA= 6

RECESSION DATA

STRTQ= 2.00 QRCSN= 2.00 RTIOR= 1.00

UNIT HYDROGRAPH 5 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES, LAG= 1.03 HOURS, CP= .57 VOL= 1.00 287. 489. 148. 31.

END-OF-PERIOD FLOW

MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP 9

SUM 23.29 19.60 3.69 17461. (592.) (498.) (94.) (494.44)

******** ******** ********* ********

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

CHANNEL ROUTE THRU SUB AREA 2

ISTAG ICOMP IECON ITAPE JPLT JPRT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO 10 1 . 1 ROUTING DATA GLOSS CLOSS AVG IRES ISAME IOPT LSTR 0.0 0.000 LAG AMSKK TSK STORA ISPRAT 8 8.888 8.888 8.888

NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL ROUTING

> QN(1) QN(2) QN(3) ELNVT ELMAX RLNTH SEL .0800 .0400 .0800 1275.0 1320.0 4300. .00700

CROSS SECTION COORDINATES--STAJELEV-STAJELEV--ETC

100.00 1320.00 200.00 1300.00 280.00 1280.00 290.00 1275.00 300.00 1275.00 310.00 1280.00 400.00 1300.00 450.00 1320.00

1	STORAGE	8.66	3.45	9.11	17.97	31.52	49.77	72.74	199.41	132.79	167.87
		211.66	258.11	368.79	363.62	422.61	485.75	553.05	624.49	766.69	779.84
. (DUTFLOW	0.00	154.64	592.40	1524.95	2953.78	4938.73	7547.22	18842.79	14886.10	19735.46
		25447.13	32121.41	39811.74	48495.26	58268.67	68989.44	86875.30	93903.98	108113.00	123539.66
	STAGE	1275.00	1277.37	1279.74	1282.11	1284.47	1286.84	1289.21	1291.58	1293.95	1296.32
		1293.68	1301.05	1303.42	1305.79	1308.16	1316.53	1312.89	1315.26	1317.63	1320.00
	FLOW	4 44	154 44	597 46	1524 95	2952 79	4932 73	7547 22	14942 70	14994 19	19725 44

25447.13 32121.41 39811.74 48495.26 58288.67 63989.44 88875.36 93983.98 168113.66 123539.66 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1280.3 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1282.2 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1282.9 MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1283.6 MAXIMUM STACE IS 1284.8 MALINUM STAGE IS 1285.7 ******** ******** ********** SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION SUB AREA 2 RUNOFF ISTAG ICOMP IECON ITAPE JPLT JPRT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO PRECIP DATA

SPFE PMS R6 R12 R24 R48 R72 R96

6.66 26.56 111.66 123.66 133.66 142.60 6.66

TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS .866 R96 -LOSS DATA LROPT STRKR DLTKR RTIOL ERAIN STRKS RTIOK STRTL CNSTL ALSMX RTIMP 8 8.86 8.86 1.86 1.86 1.80 1.80 1.80 8.86 UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA TC= .49 R= .28 NTA= 0 RECESSION DATA STRTQ= 2.00 QRCSN= 2.00 RTIOR= 1.00 UNIT HYDROGRAPH 2 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES, LAG: .79 HOURS, CP= .56 VOL= 1.00 416. 416. END-OF-PERIOD FLOW MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q SUM 23.29 19.60 3.69 16491. (592.)(498.)(94.)(466.97) ******** ******** ******** ******** ********

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS

COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT 18

ISTAC ICOMP IECON ITAPE JPLT JPRT INAME ISTACE IAUTO

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******** ******** ******** ******** ******* SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION SUB AREA 3 RUNOFF ISTAG ICOMP IECON ITAPE JPLT JPRT INAME ISTAGE TAUTO | HTDC | LUNG | TAREA | SNAP | TRSDA | TRSPC | RATI | ISNON | ISAME | LOCAL | 1 | 8 | 2.94 | 8.66 | 5.66 | 8.66 | 8.66 | 8 | 1 | 6
 PRECIP DATA

 SPFE
 PMS
 R6
 R12
 R24
 R48
 R72
 R96

 0.00
 20.50
 111.00
 123.00
 133.00
 142.00
 0.00
 0.00
 TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS .886 LOSS DATA

LROPT STRKR DLTKR RTIGL ERAIN STRKS RTIGK STRTL CNSTL ALSM1 RTIMP
6 6.66 6.66 1.66 6.66 1.66 1.66 1.66 6.66 8.66 UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA TC= .82 R= .47 NTA= 6 RECESSION DATA STRTQ= 6.86 QRCSN= 6.80 RTIOR= 1.88 UNIT HYDROGRAPH 2 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES, LAG: .79 HOURS, CP= .50 VOL= 1.00 # END-OF-PERIOD FLOW

HO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q SUM 23.29 19.60 3.69 37765. (592.) (498.) (94.) (1867.69) ******** ******** ******** ******** ******** COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT 26 (18 AND 28 SAME ON LAKE) ISTAG ICOMP IECON ITAPE JPLT JPRT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO

......

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTE THRU DE RUYTER DAM

219.60	1220.66	1225.00			-		1245.00	1250.00	1255.00	1260.00
0.60 44.85	.86 47.25	16.20	21.93	26.4	6	38.30	33.72	36.84	39.49	42.36
		127. 1 664 1.	416. 11896.	853. 14698.	1454. 1749 0.		3126.	4197.	5424.	
77.77		1225. 1275.	1230. 1286.	1235. 1285.	1246. 1296.	1245.	1250.	1255.	1268.	
	CREL 1280.0	SPNID 8.8			000L	CAREA	EXPL 9.0			
	0.66 44.85 1. 6887.	265.00 1270.00 0.00 .80 44.85 47.25 1. 4. 6807. 8346. 1219. 1220. 1265. 1270. CREL	265.00 1270.00 1275.00 0.00 .80 16.20 44.85 47.25 49.47 1. 4. 127. 6807. 8346. 10041. 1219. 1220. 1225. 1265. 1270. 1275. CREL SPWID	265.00 1270.00 1275.00 1288.00 8.00 .80 16.20 21.93 44.85 47.25 49.47 51.66 1. 4. 127. 419. 6807. 8346. 10041. 11890. 1219. 1220. 1225. 1230. CREL SPNID COOM EX	265.00 1270.00 1275.00 1280.00 1285.0 0.00 .80 16.20 21.93 26.4 44.85 47.25 49.47 51.66 539.0 1. 4. 127. 410. 853. 6807. 8346. 10041. 11890. 14690. 1219. 1220. 1225. 1230. 1235. 1265. 1270. 1275. 1280. 1285.	265.00 1270.00 1275.00 1280.00 1285.00 126 0.00 .80 16.20 21.93 26.46 44.85 47.25 49.47 51.66 539.00 96 1. 4. 127. 410. 853. 1454. 6807. 3346. 10041. 11890. 14690. 17490. 1219. 1220. 1225. 1230. 1235. 1240. 1265. 1270. 1275. 1280. 1285. 1290. CREL SPWID COOM EXPW ELEVL COOL	265.00 1270.00 1275.00 1280.00 1285.00 1290.00 0.00 .80 16.20 21.93 26.46 30.30 44.85 47.25 49.47 51.66 539.00 965.00 1. 4. 127. 410. 853. 1454. 2212. 6807. 8346. 10041. 11890. 14690. 17490. 1219. 1220. 1225. 1230. 1235. 1240. 1245. 1265. 1270. 1275. 1280. 1285. 1290. CREL SPWID COQN EXPN ELEVL COQL CAREA	265.00 1270.00 1275.00 1280.00 1285.00 1290.00 0.00 .80 16.20 21.93 26.46 36.30 33.72 44.85 47.25 49.47 51.66 539.80 965.00 1. 4. 127. 410. 853. 1454. 2212. 3126. 6807. 8346. 10041. 11890. 14690. 17490. 1219. 1220. 1225. 1230. 1235. 1240. 1245. 1250. 1265. 1270. 1275. 1280. 1285. 1290. CREL SPWID COOM EXPW ELEVIL COOL CAREA EXPL	265.00 1270.00 1275.00 1280.00 1285.00 1290.00 0.00 .80 16.20 21.93 26.46 38.30 33.72 36.84 44.85 47.25 49.47 51.66 539.00 965.00 1. 4. 127. 418. 853. 1454. 2212. 3126. 4197. 6807. 8346. 10041. 11890. 14690. 17490. 1219. 1220. 1225. 1230. 1235. 1240. 1245. 1250. 1255. 1265. 1270. 1275. 1280. 1285. 1290. CREL SPWID COOM EXPW ELEVL COOL CAREA EXPL	265.88 1278.88 1275.88 1288.88 1285.88 1298.88 33.72 36.84 39.49 44.85 47.25 49.47 51.66 539.88 965.88 1. 4. 127. 418. 853. 1454. 2212. 3126. 4197. 5424. 6887. 3346. 18841. 11898. 14698. 17498. 1219. 1228. 1225. 1238. 1235. 1248. 1245. 1258. 1255. 1268. 1265. 1278. 1275. 1288. 1285. 1298. CREL SPHID COOM EXPN ELEVL COOL CAREA EXPL

| DAM DATA | TOPEL | COQD | EXPD | DAMMID | 1287.7 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 1560.

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 212. AT TIME 44.00 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 401. AT TIME 44.90 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 496. AT TIME 44.00 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 584. AT TIME 44.00 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 749. AT TIME 44.66 HOURS

PEAK OUTFLOW IS 4741. AT TIME 43.00 HOURS

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

CHANNEL ROUTE THRU SUB AREA 4

NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL ROUTING

QN(1) QN(2) QN(3) ELNYT ELMAX RLNTH SEL .8880 .8480 .8880 1165.6 1286.8 10206. .60160

CROSS SECTION COORDINATES -- STA. ELEV. STA. ELEV -- ETC 100.80 1200.00 200.00 1180.00 400.00 1170.00 403.00 1165.00 407.00 1165.00 410.00 1170.00 486.00 1180.00 620.00 1200.00 454.75 138.18 223.71 336.69 STORACE 2.20 5.36 16.36 31.47 74.16 731.72 884.51 1400.08 1591.61 1791.47 2661.47 2221.01 588.47 1646.83 1213.69 12.64 46.13 89.91 216.57 493.85 983.64 1738.83 2867.18 4358.16 OUTFLOW 4.66 40158.41 6279.51 11175.61 14162.01 17517.63 21251.31 25372.41 29896.64 34815.94 8556.38 1174.21 1179.74 1177.89 1181.58 STAGE 1165.90 1166.84 1168.68 1170.53 1172.37 1176.05 1286.86 1183.42 1185.26 1187.11 1188.95 1196.79 1192.63 1194.47 1196.32 1198.16 9.55 12.84 45.13 89.91 216.57 493.85 983.64 1738.83 2867.18 4358.10 FLOW 34815.94 46158.41 11175.61 14162.01 17517.63 21251.31 25372.41 29896.64 6279.51 8550.38

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1172.2

MATIMUM STAGE IS 1173.5

MATIMUM STAGE IS 1174.1

MAILHUM STACE IS 1174.5

MAXIMUM STACE IS 1175.1

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1186.5

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

SUB AREA 4 RUNOFF

ISTAG ICOMP IECON ITAPE JPLT JPRT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO

HYDROGRAPH DATA

INTOG IUNG TAREA SNAP TRSDA TRSPC RATIO ISNOW ISAME LOCAL
1 0 2.19 0.00 5.60 0.00 0.000 0 1

PRECIP DATA

SPFE PMS R6 R12 R24 R46 R72 R96 0.00 20.50 111.00 123.00 133.00 142.00 0.00 0.00 TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS .800

LOSS DATA

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA
TC= 1.86 R= .61 NTA= 6

RECESSION DATA

STRTQ= 4.00 QRCSN= 4.00 RTIOR= 1.00

UNIT HYDROGRAPH 4 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES, LAC: .85 HOURS, CP: .52 VOL: 1.88 624. 698. 81. 8.

END-OF-PERIOD FLOW

MG.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q MO.DA HR.MN PERIOD RAIN EXCS LOSS COMP Q

SUN 23.29 19.60 3.69 29026.

COMBINE HYDROGRAPHS

COMBINE 2 HYDROGRAPHS AT 36

ISTAQ ICOMP IECON ITAPE JPLT JPRT INAME ISTAGE IAUTO
36 2 6 6 6 1 6 6

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTE THRU DOWNSTREAM HAZARD

NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL ROUTING

QN(1) QN(2) QN(3) ELNVT ELMAX RUNTH SEL .8886 .8486 .8886 1876.8 1188.8 8886. .88188

CROSS SECTION COORDINATES--STA, ELEV, STA, ELEV.-ETC 108.00 1140.00 450.00 1880.00 850.00 1070.00 855.00 1065.00 865.00 1065.00 900.00 1070.00 1080.00 1080.00 1100.00 1100.00

STORAGE	6.60	53.49	102.33	174.67	268.69	386.21	526.62	687.13	858.64	1648.45
	1232.56	1434.97	1647.69	1876.71	2164.63	2347.65	2661.58	2865.86	3146.33	3425.16
OUTFLOW	6.66	751.86	1379.52	2313.63	3616.83	5345.71	7552.81	10443.77	13929.56	17926.14
001112011	22437.77	27471.39	33635.59	39148.13	45795.52	53612.82	66863.44	69179.68	78151.58	87732.90
STAGE	1676.66	1671.58	1673.16	1674.74	1676.32	1677.89	1679.47	1681.65	1882.63	1884.21
	1685.79	1087.37	1688.95	1090.53	1692.11	1693.68	1895.26	1896.84	1098.42	1100.00
FLOW	0.00	751.86	1379.52	2313.63	3616.83	5345.71	7552.81	16443.77	13929.56	17926.14
	22427 77	27471 30	22425 50	20146 13	45795 52	53617 87	A6863 44	49179.68	78151.58	87732.96

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1072.8

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1074.9

MAKIMUM STAGE IS 1875.6

MAXIMUM STAGE IS 1676.3

MATIMUM STAGE IS 1877.5

******* ******** ******** ********* ********

PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (EMD OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)
AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

					LOWS	DWS			
OPERATION	STATION	AREA	PLAN	RATIS 1	RATIS 2				RATIS 6
				.20	.46	.50	.60	.80	1.00
HTDROGRAPH AT	1	1.37	1	792.	1583.	1979.	2375.	3167.	3958.
	(3.55)	(22.42) (44.84) (56.95) (67.25) (89.67)(112.69)(
ROUTED TO	10	1.37	1	812.	1665.	2010.	2418.	3213.	4016.
	(3.55)	(23.66) (45.45) (56.91)(68.26) (96.98) (113.73)(
HYDROGRAPH AT	2	1.29	1	787.	1573.	1966.	2360.	3146.	3933.
	(3.34)	(22.27) (44.54) (55.68) (66.82) (89.69) (111.36)(
2 COMBINED	10	2.66	1	1583.	3148.	3938.	4725.	6299.	7873.
	(6.89)	(44.84) (89.13)(111.52)(133.79) (178.35) (222.94) (
HTDROGRAPH AT	3	2.94	1	1793.	3586.	4482.	5379.	7171.	8964.
	(7.61)	(50.77) (161.54) (126.92)(152.36) (263.67) (253.84)(
2 COMBINED	28	5.66	1	3342.	6664.			13332.	16665.
	(14.50)	(94.63) (188.71)(235.99) (283.16) (377.521 (471.961(
ROUTED TO	20	5.60	1	212.	461.	496.	584.	749.	4741.
	(14.50)	(6.62) (11.37)(14.64) (16.52) (21.21)(134.26)(
ROUTED TO	30	5.60	1				566.	728.	3463.
	(14.50)	(5.77) (16.94) (13.50) (16.62) (26.61)(98.061(
HYDROGRAPH AT	4	2.19	1	1305.	2669.	3261.	3914.	5218.	6523.
	(5.67)	(36.94) (73.88) (92.35)(118.82) (147.76) (184.76)(
2 COMBINED	30	7.79		1411.		3468.			6912.
	(26.18)	(39.94) (78.76) (98.21)(117.72) (156.78) (195.74)(
ROUTED TO	30	7.79	1		2418.	3634.	3645.	4969.	6181.
	(26.18)	(34.76) (68.46)(85.91)(163.21) (139.00) (175.02)(

PL	AN 1		STATION	10	
	MA	XINUM	MAX	MUM	TIM
RATIO	FLO	W.CFS	STACE	·FT	HOUR
.20		812.	128	0.3	41.6
.40		1665.	128	32.2	41.8
.50		2016.	128	2.9	41.0
.60		2410.	128	33.6	41.0
.86		3213.	128	4.8	41.6
1.00		4616.	128	5.7	41.6
SUM	HARY	OF DAM	SAFETY	ANALYS	IS

PLAN 1 INITIAL VALUE SPILLMAY CREST TOP OF DAM

ELEVATION 1286.00 1287.70
STORAGE 11890. 11890. 16202.
OUTFLOH 52. 52. 769.

RATIO	MUMIXAM	MUNIXAM	MUNIXAM	MAXINUM	BURATION	TIME OF	TIME OF
OF	RESERVOIR	DEPTH	STORAGE	OUTFLOW	OVER TOP	MAX OUTFLOW	FAILURE
PMF	W.S.ELEV	OVER DAM	AC-FT	CFS	HOURS	HOURS	HOURS
.20	1281.65	0.00	12814.	212.	6.66	44.00	6.66
.46	1283.59	1.66	13966.	481.	6.00	44.00	0.00
.50	1284.56	0.66	14441.	496.	8.66	44.00	6.66
.60	1285.52	0.00	14983.	584.	0.00	44.66	1.00
.80	1287.47	1.00	16672.	749.	0.00	44.00	9.66
1.66	1288.66	.96	16741.	4741.	7.66	43.66	6.66

PLAN 1 STATION 36

	MUNIXAM	MUNIXAM	TIME
RATIO	FLOW CFS	STAGE.FT	HOURS
.26	284.	1172.2	48.00
.46	386.	1173.5	48.66
.56	477.	1174.1	48.00
.60	566.	1174.5	48.00
.86	728.	1175.1	48.00
1.56	3463.	1188.5	44.00

PLAN 1 STATION 30

	MUMIXAM	MAXIMUM	TIME
RATIO	FLOW, CFS	STAGEIFT	HOURS
.20	1227.	16 2.8	41.00
.40	2418.	1974.9	41.66
.50	3034.	1075.6	41.86
.60	3645.	1076.3	41.00
.86	4989.	1077.5	41.00
1.00	6181.	1678.5	41.00

FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978
LAST HODIFICATION 26 FEB 79

APPENDIX D
REFERENCES

APPENDIX

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